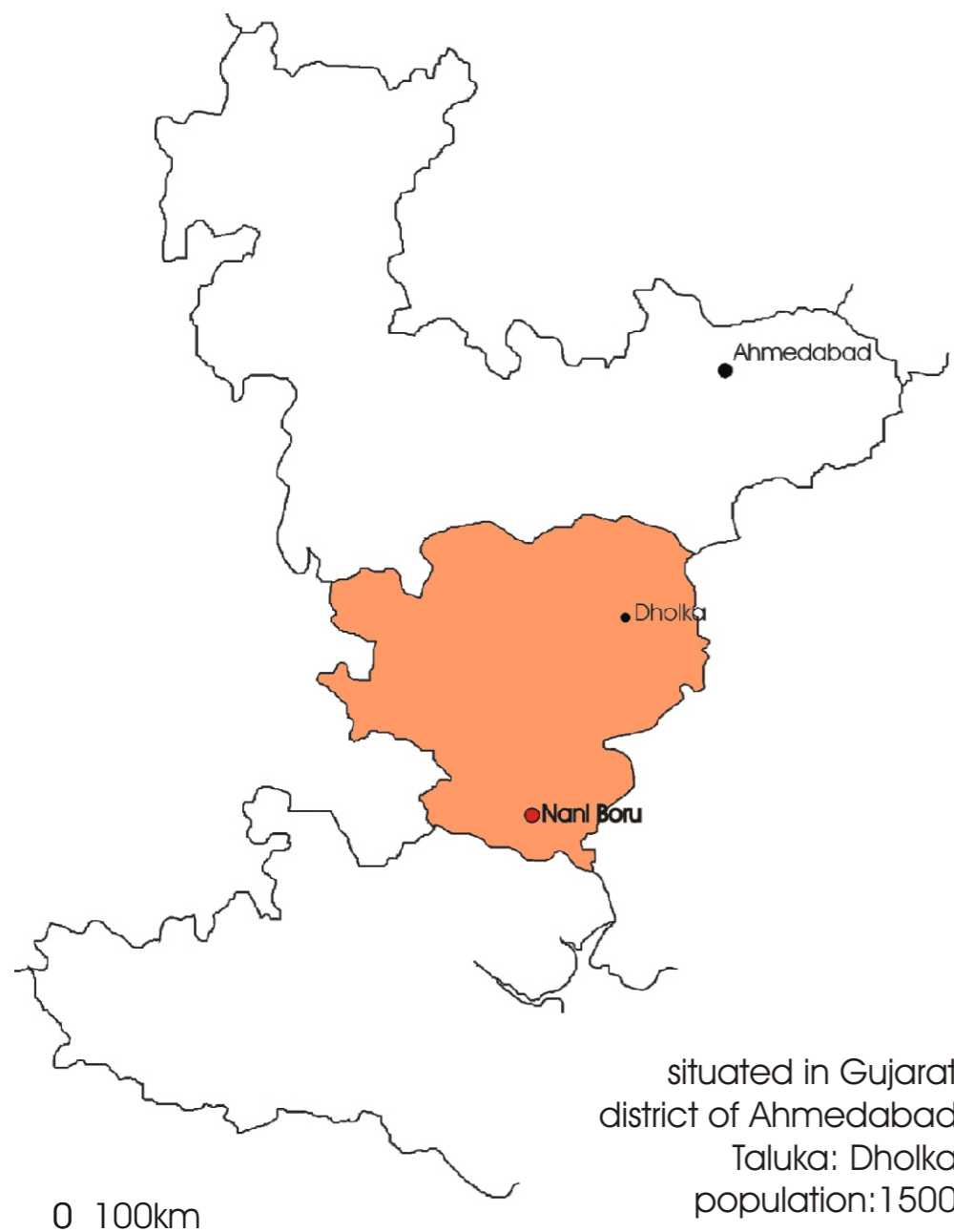


NANI BORU

MOTI VISION



situated in Gujarat
district of Ahmedabad
Taluka: Dholka
population: 1500

natural circumstances

Dholka is divided climatically into three zones. Due to the dryness of southern Dholka where Nani Boru is situated the region faces economical disadvantages. This is the lowest developed part represented by a decreasing population density (99 per km² compared to 221 per km² in the rest of Dholka).

earthquake in Gujarat in 2001

On January 26th an earthquake with the force of 7.9 on the richter-scale struck Gujarat. The epicentre was 20 km in the south of Bhuj in the Kutch desert. 181 talukas in 21 districts of Gujarat which were affected. In Nani Boru 3 people were killed and 181 houses collapsed.



women at work



surrounding landscape



contemplating men



village square



shop



streetscape

During our 7 day visit in Nani Boru it was our task to gain an impression of a typical indian village in respect of spacial organisation and social-economic circumstances. We knew we had to deal with important questions. How are structures of built environment affected by the village society, by casts, by religion. Who lives where and why? Which impact has the earthquake in 2001 had on the people and their everyday life?

After stepping into the peoples houses talking to them analyzing their homes and enjoying their warm hospitality we finally reached a stage of understanding the contexts of these issues.



water use



typical semi-public neighbourhood



in a house

